Classification of Fire Risks.—The Department of Insurance compiles, from information supplied by the fire insurance companies registered to transact business in Canada, tables of experience as to premiums and claims by 21 classes of risks. The experience of 1950 and 1951 is given in Table 4.

4.—Percentages of Claims Incurred to Premiums Written in Canada, by All Companies Operating under Federal Government Registration, by Class of Risk, 1950 and 1951.

(Excluding all reinsurance ceded or assumed)

Class of Risk		1951	Class of Risk	1950	1951
		p.c.		p.c.	p.c.
Dwellings, excluding farms—			Lumber yards, pulpwood and		
Protected brick	53.10	50.08	standing timber	56.09	17.73
Protected frame	47-11	35.00	Wood-working plants	39.22	40.41
Unprotected	57.86	39.47	Metal-working plants, garages and	00	
Farm buildings	$62 \cdot 74$	48-26	hangars	65.48	45.83
Churches, public buildings, educa-			Mining risks	110-11	52.69
tional and social-service institu-	NAMES OF THE	55000	Railway and public utility risks	43.03	33.10
tions	54.57	46.00	Miscellaneous manufacturing risks.	67.23	48-68
Warehouses	45.50	33.25	Miscellaneous non - manufacturing		
Retail stores, office buildings, banks			risks	48.71	43.30
and hotels	$52 \cdot 46$	52 - 23	Sprinklered risks of whatever		
Contents of above item		49.14	nature or occupancy	35.76	23.03
Foods, food and beverage plants	56.88	37.28	Use and occupancy and profits,	20.01	2. 2.
Flour and cereal mills, grain elevators	38.58	28.54	excluding rental insurance	74.58	32.57
Oil risks of all kinds	40.59	34.27	4	F4 F4	40.0
Saw and shingle mills	40.75	54.06	Averages	51.54	40 2

Subsection 3.—Finances of Fire Insurance Companies under Federal Registration

Tables 5 to 7 show the assets, liabilities, income and expenditure of registered companies transacting fire insurance in Canada from 1948 to 1952. The majority of fire insurance companies also transact casualty insurance dealt with in Section 3 of this Chapter. Totals only are given here because it is impossible for such companies to allocate their assets and liabilities and their general income and expenditure among the various types of business transacted. Table 28, p. 1182, gives similar information for registered companies whose transactions are confined to casualty insurance.

5.—Assets of Canadian, British and Foreign Companies Transacting Fire Insurance, or Fire and Casualty Insurance, under Federal Government Registration, 1948-52

Assets	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952
Canadian Companies (In All Countries)	\$	\$	s	\$	\$
	1,883,576 3,791,417 119,677,619	2,010,983 4,342,868 134,327,602	2,890,580 4,503,686 146,468,315	4,995,436 4,638,405 156,851,549	5,593,805 5,246,897 170,943,515
Agents' balances and premiums out- standing	12,376,656 16,263,610 820,922 6,238,104	13,406,599 17,118,676 924,946 7,728,925	15,864,962 17,768,620 1,011,235 9,985,911	18,047,447 20,292,975 1,166,123 9,571,384	20,311,328 25,163,593 1,307,241 12,567,762
Totals, Canadian Companies	161,051,904	179,860,599	198,493,309	215,563,319	241,134,14